

Rusper Primary School PSHE and RSE skills grid

	EYFS	K	S1	Lower	· KS2	Upp	er KS2
Thread		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Relationships	Names the people	Identifies the	Understands and	Knows that differences	Recognises some of	Recognises ways in	Can identify positive
education:	who they live with	different roles of	respects the	and similarities arise	the aspects that	which a relationship	qualities and
	and their	people at school and	differences and	from various factors	contribute to healthy	can be unhealthy and	expectations from a
Families and	relationships to	home.	similarities between	(including: family,	relationships and	who to talk to if they	variety of relationships.
People who	them.	Knows that all	people and families.	culture, age, gender,	develops skills to	need support.	Knows similarities and
care for me	Forms positive	families look	Recognises different	personal interests and	manage their own	Knows what is meant	differences between
and	relationships with adults and	different.	types of families and	belief).	relationships.	by 'Domestic	friendships and
Caring Friendships	children.	Recognise their own feelings.	how their own homelife is special.	Explains what is meant by 'community' and	Recognises the similarities between	Abuse/Violence' and understands that it is	intimate relationships. Can describe different
riieiiusiiips	Can name and talk	Know when their	Understands families	names some of the	the needs and wants	not acceptable for	types of intimate
	about behaviours	friends and family	and friends care for	communities they	of boys and girls and	there to be violence	relationships, including
	that keep us safe	are feeling happy.	each other in various	belong to.	challenges gender	in relationships.	marriage.
	and happy in	Recognise what is	ways and that	Recognises and values	stereotypes around	Knows what to do if	Identifies some skills
	school and home.	fair, unfair, kind,	everybody needs to	the diverse	hygiene and	they experience	and qualities needed to
	Knows how to get	unkind, right and	be cared for in	communities that exist	grooming.	violence or witness	be a parent or carer.
	help if somebody	wrong.	different ways.	and how they connect.	Shows empathy	abuse, including	Knows that both men
	upsets or hurts	Know what to do if	Understands what	Recognises when	towards to the	where to get help and	and women can take on
	them.	somebody is unfair	makes a good friend.	somebody is being	feelings of others	support.	these role and
		or unkind.	Can identify people	unkind or unfair to	within relationships,		responsibilities.
			who are special to	them and knows what	including their		Understands and can
			them and explain	to do in these	family.		describe different
			why.	situations.			family structures.
							Knows that families are
							characterised by love
							and care.
							Explains what can make
							a place somebody lives
							a 'home'.
							Recognises what
							constitutes and positive and healthy
							relationships and
							develops the skills to
							form and maintain
							healthy relationships.

Respectful	Plays co-	Recognises some of	Recognises how their	Understand that we can	Understand that	Explain what is	Knows how to be a
relationships	operatively with	the things that make	behaviour affects	work together, whether	Britain is a	meant by	good buddy to new
	others, sharing and	them special,	others.	we have differences or	democratic society	'stereotype'.	Reception children.
	taking turns.	understands that	Can describe some of	similarities.	and what this means.	Knows that	Can identify a
	Has own	people are different	the things that can go	Identifies positive and	Knows that there are	stereotypes exist for	disclosure from a young
	ideas/opinions and	and everybody has	wrong with	negative aspects of	different political	different groups,	child and knows what
	the confidence to	something that	friendships.	belonging to a group	parties with differing	including gender	to do in this situation.
	talk about these	makes them special.	Understands the	and understands that	beliefs and shows	stereotypes.	Knows about the stigma
	with trusted	Solves simple	importance of being	there may be times	respect for the views	Have the skills to	and discrimination that
	people.	dilemmas and	cooperative with	when they don't agree	of others.	challenge	can affect people with
	Knows that their	understands the	others and know	with others in a group.	Understands that	stereotypes.	mental ill health and
	actions/words	importance of taking	ways to solve	Can stand up for their	people have	Identifies some	knows ways to reduce
	affect others.	responsibility at	problems that may	own viewpoint, and	influence on	discriminatory	this stigma and
	Knows that people	home and school	arise within	understands that	democracy and	language and knows	discrimination.
	are all different	(including for the	relationships.	people may have	politics through	what to do if they	Recognises and
	and enjoy different	environment)	Understands that	different opinions.	voting in elections.	experience	challenges gender
	things.	Recognises helpful	people may have		Understands that	discriminatory	stereotypes.
	Can name something that	and unhelpful behaviour in school	different feelings to them.		their actions affect themselves and	language at school. Understands how	Knows how our attitudes and values
	makes them	and understands how	Understands that		others.	discriminatory	about gender and
	special.	their behaviour can	boys and girls can do		Develops self-	language can make	sexuality can be
	special.	affect others.	the same things but		awareness in terms	people feel and that	affected by factors such
		affect others.	that sometimes TV,		of doing the right	this is unacceptable.	as the media, religion
			stories and people		thing.	Develops self-	and culture.
			say 'girls do this' and		Learns the	awareness, doing the	Understands how
			'boys do that'.		connection between	right thing.	stereotypes can affect
			boys do that.		discrimination and	Understands that	equality, causing
					uncomfortable	their actions affect	inequality of
					feelings.	themselves and	opportunity and affect
					0	others.	behaviour.
						Recognise how	Knows what is meant
						images and	by migration, identifies
						campaigns in the	reasons for migration
						media and social	and understands the
						media do not always	challenges that moving
						reflect reality, and	and settling in a new
						can affect how people	place may bring.
						feel about themselves	Know about human
						e.g. body image,	rights and the UN rights
						eating issues.	of the child.
							Appreciates the
							difficulties that
							homelessness brings
							and know some ways in
							which charities and
							initiatives can help.

Online	Decognices online	Decognises that there	Evaluing that nocals	Evaluing what is mount	Evalaine how their	Evalaine how content	Evalaine how charing
Online relationships	Recognises, online or offline, that anyone can say 'no' / 'please stop' / 'I'll tell' / 'I'll ask' to somebody who makes them feel sad, uncomfortable, embarrassed or upset.	Recognises that there may be people online who could make them feel sad, embarrassed or upset. Knows when and how to speak to a trusted adult. Describes how to behave online in ways that do not upset others.	Explains that people may look or act differently online. Gives examples of issues online that may make somebody feel sad, worried or frightened. Understands that the internet can be used to communicate with people who you do not know offline and can describe some risks associated with this. Understands their right to say 'no' online, just like offline.	Explains what is meant by the term 'identity'. Explains ways in which somebody may change their identity online, depending on what they are doing (gaming, using an avatar, social media) Explains how 'knowing' somebody online is different to knowing them offline. Explains why it is important to be careful about who we trust online.	Explains how their online identity can be different to their offline identity. Describes positive ways for someone to interact with others online and understand how this will positively impact on how others perceive them. Explains that others online can pretend to be someone else, including their friends, and can suggest reasons why they might do this. Explains how someone's feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online. Gives examples of how to be respectful to others online and describe how to recognise healthy and unhealthy online behaviours	Explains how content shared online may feel unimportant to one person but may be important to other people's thoughts feelings and beliefs. Gives examples of how to be respectful to others online and describe how to recognise healthy and unhealthy online behaviours. Recognises online bullying can be different to bullying in the physical world and can describe some of those differences.	Explains how sharing something online may have an impact either positively or negatively. Describes how to be kind and show respect for others online including the importance of respecting boundaries regarding what is shared about them online and how to support them if others do not. Describes how things shared privately online can have unintended consequences for others. e.g. screengrabs. Explains that taking or sharing inappropriate images of someone (e.g. embarrassing images), even if they say it is okay, may have an impact for the sharer and others; and who can help if someone is worried about this.
Being safe	Know some ways to keep safe in the classroom and playground, including safe use of resources. Knows who and how to ask for help if something is upsetting or hurting them. Can explain what a stranger is. Recognises the potential danger	Knows to tell a trusted adult if they feel unsafe or worried and can ask for help if they need it. Understand that there are times when secrets shouldn't be kept. Recognises danger in certain situations (including stranger danger) Recognises the differences between	Knows some ways to keep safe in the home, including fire safety, and outside. Understands their own responsibility for keeping safe. Identifies some hazards in relation to road safety and knows how to cross a road safely.	Recognises bullying and how it makes people feel. Knows different types of bullying (including online) and how to respond to incidents of bullying. Knows what to do if they witness bullying.	Knows how laws are made and the importance of following them. Understands the contributions that individuals and groups can have on social and environmental change. Knows how to keep safe in terms of their computer gaming habits.	Knows some of the things that may cause a young person to run away, understands the potential risks and dangers and knows where to find help.	Knows about the feelings that may be associated with being allowed more independence in the local area. Knows how to recognise peer pressure, and strategies to deal with this. Knows about the consequences of antisocial behaviour, including gang related behaviour.

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feelings in others. health looks like. transitions –						feelings in others.		
Recognises the link specifically the							Recognises the link	specifically the
between strong transition to Seconda							between strong	transition to Secondary
emotions and poor school.							emotions and poor	school.
mental health and							mental health and	

						develop protective strategies. Recognises that anyone can be affected by poor mental health. Identifies the appropriate language to use to describe mental health. Knows what people can do to support their mental health and where people can get help.	
Internet	Recognises some	Gives examples of	Describes what	Knows why it is	Recognises when	Demonstrates how to	Identifies and critically
safety and harms	ways in which the internet can be used to communicate and can give some examples.	when to ask permission to do something online and explain why this is important. Uses the internet with adult support to communicate with people they know (e.g. video call apps or services). Recognises that they may find things online that they like/dislike and knows how to get help from a trusted adult if they see things that make them feel sad, uncomfortable, worried or frightened. Knows basic rules to keep safe online.	information shouldn't be put online without asking a trusted adult first. Explains how information put online about someone can last for a long time. Understands what bullying is and that it can happen online or offline. Understands that some of the information that can be found online may be untrue. Knows who to talk to about anything that causes them concern while online.	important to be careful when sharing personal information online. Knows how to behave appropriately online and why this is important. Recognises the signs of bullying online and knows how and where to get help. Knows the difference between fact, opinion and belief and can give examples of when these may be shared online. Knows the negative impact that spending too much time online can have on people's mood, sleep, body and relationships. Understands the need for age restrictions online and their ability to say 'no' if they are pressured to watch/do something online that they are not happy with.	someone is upset, hurt or angry online. Describes ways people can be bullied through a range of media (e.g. image, video, text, chat). Explains why people need to think carefully about how content they post might affect others, their feelings and how it may affect how others feel about them (their reputation). Explains what is meant by 'fake news' on the internet e.g. why some people will create stories or alter photographs and put them online to pretend something is true when it isn't. Identifies times or situations when someone may need to limit the amount of time they use	make responsible choices about having an online identity, depending on context. Explains how anyone can get help if they are being bullied online and identify when to tell a trusted adult. Identifies a range of ways to report concerns and access support both in school and at home about online bullying. Evaluates digital content and can explain how to make choices about what is trustworthy. Describes some strategies, tips or advice to promote health and wellbeing with regards to technology. Explains what a 'strong password' is and its importance.	evaluates online content relating to gender, race, religion, disability, culture and other groups, and explains why it is important to challenge and reject inappropriate representations online. Describes issues online that could make anyone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened. Knows and can give examples of how to get help, both on and offline. Explains the ways in which anyone can develop a positive online reputation. Explains strategies anyone can use to protect their 'digital personality' and online reputation, including degrees of anonymity. Recognises online bullying can be

Physical health and fitness	Knows that regular exercise keeps us healthy.	Recognise how being active makes them feel and chooses their favourite active games.	Understands that an hour a day of exercise is important for good health and some ways in which they can be active.	Evaluates the level of physical activity in different pastimes. Recognises that they have choices in how they spend their free time.	technology e.g. suggests strategies to help with limiting this time. Describes ways technology can affect health and well-being both positively (e.g. mindfulness apps) and negatively. Describes strategies for keeping personal information private. Explains the importance of getting enough sleep for health and wellbeing. Recognises the effects of too much screen time on sleep, health and wellbeing.	Analyses the media portrayal or celebrities – including how the media can present celebrities as role models, how this can influence people in a good or bad way and to be cautious about what they see, hear and read in the	different to bullying in the physical world and can describe some of those differences. Describes how to capture bullying content as evidence (e.g screen-grab, URL, profile) to share with others who can help me. Explains how someone would report online bullying in different contexts. Explains what is meant by the term 'stereotype', how 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' may influence how people think about others. Understands the importance of being healthy physically, emotionally and mentally. Understands and respects that people have different bodies.
						what they see, hear and read in the media. Understands that the media often manipulate the images they present and that these images may affect the way people feel about themselves.	

Healthy eating	Can identify some foods that contribute to being healthy. Can identify some foods that are not as healthy.	Identifies different types of foods. Understands that some foods eaten on special occasions may be different to every day foods. Can categorize foods into healthy foods and treats.	Know what a healthy diet looks like and the benefits of a healthy diet.	Makes healthy choices about food and drink and can use the eatwell guide to help them make informed decisions. Understands some factors that may influence their food and drink choices, including branding/packaging.	Know why people may eat or avoid certain foods (religious, moral, cultural or health reasons). Know about other factors that contribute to people's food choices (ethical farming, fair trade, seasonally).	Knows about the role of advertising on food and drink choices.	Compares the health benefits of food and drinks in relation to advertisements and marketing messages.
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	Knows how to take risks and manage their own safety. Knows how to get help if they need it.	Recognises that different things that can go into/onto a person's body can make them feel good or bad. Identifies if a substance may be harmful. Knows that substances can be absorbed through the skin. Knows some basic safety rules around things that go in or onto the body.	Understand the purpose of medicines is to help people stay healthy, get well or feel better if they are ill. Recognises that each medicine has a specific use. Knows that medicines come in different forms. Understands where medicines come from and who decides which medicines to take – doctors prescribe, pharmacy or bought from a shop. Know how to keep themselves safe around medicines – they come with instructions, how to be stored safely and that they can be harmful if taken when not needed/not how instructed.	Defines the term 'drug'. Identifies when a drug might be harmful. Recognises tobacco as a drug. Knows the effects and risks associated with smoking and second- hand smoke. Knows the benefits of not smoking. Understands the laws around smoking and why these are important. Understands that it may be hard to stop smoking once a person has started and that there is support available to help a person stop smoking.	Knows that there are drugs (other than medications) which are present in everyday life for some people, and why people choose to use them. Understands the effects and risks associated with drinking alcohol and knows the laws related to alcohol consumption. Recognises different patterns of behaviour associated with the use of drugs. Can explain the meaning of 'habit' and 'addiction'.	Know the associated risks with smoking drugs, including health, money, social effects and the law. Understand the influences that people face when it comes to deciding to smoke/take drugs and drink alcohol, including the media and peer pressure.	Know about some of the possible effects and risks associated with different drugs. Know that some drugs are restricted or illegal to use, own or supply to others. Understand when and why some people may use drugs. Can assess the level of risk in different situations involving drug use. Can use some methods to manage risk in situations involving drug use.
Health and prevention	Knows how to keep clean and why this is important – brushing teeth,	Knows the effects of too much sun on the body and can explain how to keep	Understand how basic hygiene can stop the spread of disease.	Identifies a range of different physical activities which can	Knows about the effects of puberty on personal hygiene and	Knows strategies to resist the pressures around drug/alcohol use.	

	washing hands, bathing. Knows how to take risks and manage their own safety. Knows how to get help if they need it.	themselves safe from the sun.	Know people who can help us to prevent illness and stay healthy (including vaccinations). Describes daily routines which promote good health and hygiene.	help to keep them healthy.	some strategies for managing this. Can identify sources of information, support and advice for children and young people in relation to puberty and growing up.	Can make informed choices when it comes to using drugs/alcohol, even when there is pressure from others.	
Basic first aid	Recognises an emergency situation and can call for help – including calling 999.	Recognises an emergency situation and can call for help – including calling 999.	Recognises an unconscious causality and knows how to safely put a person in the recovery position.	Knows what Asthma is, how to recognise the symptoms of an Asthma attack and how people treat Asthma as a condition and as an attack. Can put a person in the recovery position and knows when to use this.	Assesses an emergency situation and can call for help. Knows how to respond to basic first aid situations including choking. Knows how to recognise and some strategies to deal with serious bleeding.	Recognises and knows some basic first aid to support a person having a suspected heart attack.	Review of first aid skills learned across school.
Changing adolescent body	Understands that their body belongs to them. Understands that certain parts of their bodies are private – NSPCC PANTS rule. Understand some areas in which they can look after themselves e.g. dressing and undressing To understand why hygiene is important Understand some basic hygiene routines To recognise that all families are different	Names parts of their body using scientific terms. Understands that parts of their body are private. To know the importance of and how to maintain personal hygiene To understand about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change. To know about people who look after them and who to go to if they are worried.	Defines difference and similarity. Describes the biological differences between male and female animals. Understands that the creation of life requires a male and a female. Describes the biological differences between male and female children. Labels the male and female sex parts with confidence and knows that they are related to reproduction. Identifies key stages in the human life cycle.	To explore the differences between males and females and to name the body parts. To consider touch and to know that a person has the right to say what they like and dislike Identify different types of touch that people like and do not like To understand personal space. To talk about ways of dealing with unwanted touch. To explore different types of families and who to go to for help and support. To understand that all families are different	Identifies changes throughout the human life cycle. Understands changes are ongoing and individual. Defines puberty. Identifies physical changes associated with puberty and understands that everybody's experience is different, beginning and ending at different times. Can understand menstruation and wet dreams, understands the link between these and sex cells.	Knows about the changes that happen during puberty, including physical, emotional and behavioural changes. Knows that puberty can begin at any age between 8 and 17.	Knows about human reproduction in relation to the human life cycle. Names the male and female sex cells, and reproductive organs. Knows how a baby is made and uses scientific language to discuss conception and pregnancy. Knows that contraception protects people from pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV. Knows some of the myths and misconceptions associated with HIV. Identifies sources of information, support

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	Understand how		Understands that all	and have different			and advice for children
	members of a family can help		living things, including humans,	family members.			and young people. To explore positive and
	each		start life as a baby	members.			negative ways of
	other		and can describe				communicating
	otilei		some of the ways				in a relationship.
			they have changed				To have considered
			since they were a				when it is appropriate
			baby.				to share
			buby.				personal/private
							information in a
							relationship.
							To know how and
							where to get support if
							an online
							relationship goes
							wrong.
Careers,	Can identify some	Understands that	Understands that	Understands some of	Understands that	Understands that	Understands that
Financial	key jobs/roles in	people get money in	having a job means	the influential factors	local councils	there are different	money is one factor in
capability and	their community.	different ways and	people can earn	on people to spend or	organise services	ways that people can	choosing a job and that
economic	Knows that we use	make choices about	money and that both	save their money.	based on government	pay for something.	different jobs pay
well-being	money to buy	how to spend their	men and women are	Knows how to keep	guidance.	Explains the	different amounts of
	things.	money.	able to do a range of	track of their money.	Recognises that there	differences between	money.
		Understands why	jobs.	Understands that there	are limited	manageable and	Discusses the
		people may want to save their money and		are various jobs and	resources/money for the needs of the	unmanageable debt. Identifies where	importance of salary in
		identifies some		ways of working available – including			relation to job satisfaction.
		places money can be		part time, full time,	community.	people can get support with money	Knows about
		kept safe.		shift work etc.		worries.	enterprise, the skills
		kept sale.		Identifies the skills and		WUITIES.	needed and what
				attributes needed for			makes a successful
				different jobs.			enterprise.
				unicicit jobs.			circi prisc.